

| Name |  | SS  |
|------|--|---|
|      | Band 1 - English Writing<br>Vocabulary, Grammar & Punctuation  | b   |
|      | Use regular plural noun suffixes -s or -es e.g. dog, dogs; wish,<br>meaning of the noun.<br>I can add s or es to words to make them plurals e.g. dog, do   | vishes, including understanding the effects of these suffixes on the gs; wish, wishes.  |
|      | Use suffixes that can be added to verbs where no change is needed in the spelling of root words e.g. helping, helped, helper.<br><i>I can add -ing and -er to the end of a word to make a new word e.g. helping, helper.</i>         |   |
|      | Understand how the prefix un- changes the meaning of verbs and adjectives e.g. negation (for example, unkind, or undoing): untie the boat.<br><i>I can show you how un- added to the beginning of a word can change its meaning.</i> |   |
|      | Understand how words can combine to make sentences.<br>I can put words together to make sentences.   |   |
|      | Use joining words and join clauses using and.<br>I can use joining words like and.   |   |
|      | Sequence sentences to form short narratives.<br>I can write a short story using sentences.   |   |
|      | Separate words with spaces.<br>I can use spaces between words.   |   |
|      | Use capital letters, full stops, question marks and exclamation marks to demarcate sentences in some of his/her writing.<br>I can use capital letters, full stops, question marks and exclamation marks at the end of sentences.     |   |
|      | Use a capital letter for names of people, places, the days of the<br>I can use capital letters for names, places, the days of the w  |   |
|      | exclamation mark.  | d, singular, plural. Sentence. Punctuation, full stop, question mark, ord, singular, plural, sentence, punctuation, full stop, question |



Steps